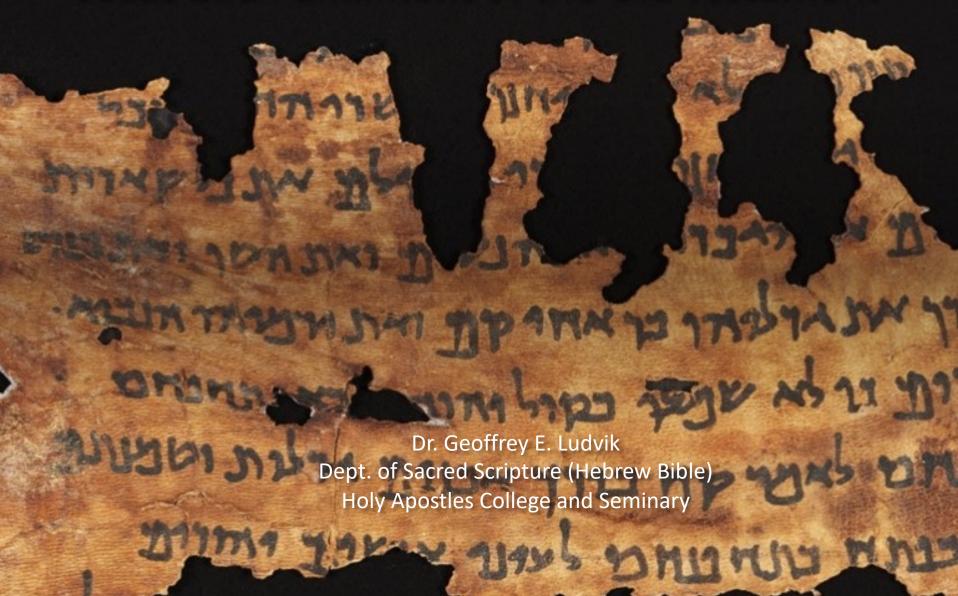
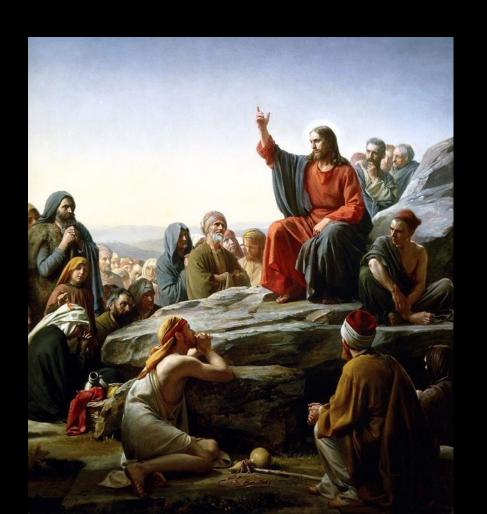
"Not to Abolish but to Fulfill": Jesus and Fulfillment of the Old Testament



"Think not that I have come to abolish the Law and the Prophets; I have come not to abolish them but to fulfil them." (Matthew 5:17)



I. Introduction to the New Testament



27 Canonical Books(4 Gospels, Acts, Epistles, Revelations)Written AD 50-90 by Apostles and Apostolic Writers

THE BIBLE = collection of sacred texts of various genres written by ancient Israelite authors under the charism of divine inspiration

"The New Testament lies hidden in the Old and the Old Testament is unveiled in the New."

CCC 129 citing St.Augustine, *Quaest. in Hept.*73: PL 34,623



II. Historicity of the New Testament

Before we can demonstrate that Jesus fulfills the Scriptures, we need to demonstrate that the New Testament account is historically valid and that Jesus was, in fact, a historical person.

Concrete Historical Claims in the New Testament:

Jesus Christ was...

- ~ Born during reign of Caesar Octavian Augustus
- ~ Born during last years of Herod the Great
- ~ Lived during Second Temple Period (Pharisees, Sadducees, Zealots, Essenes)
- ~ Died before the Destruction of Jerusalem (AD 70)
- ~ A contemporary of John the Baptist
- ~ Crucified during the reign of Tiberius Caesar under governorship of Pontius Pilate
- ~ Buried in a tomb outside the walls of Roman-period Jerusalem
- ~ Seen three days later by His disciples alive
- ~ The founder of a new sect known as Christians, which was heavily persecuted by the Roman government no later than AD 64

Josephus' Description of Jesus

3. (63) Now, there was about this time Jesus, a wise man, if it be lawful to call him a man, for he was a doer of wonderful works-a teacher of such men as receive the truth with pleasure. He drew over to him both many of the Jews, and many of the Gentiles. He was [the] Christ; (64) and when Pilate, at the suggestion of the principal men amongst us, had condemned him to the cross, those that loved him at the first did not forsake him, for he appeared to them alive again the third day, as the divine prophets had foretold these and ten thousand other wonderful things concerning him; and the tribe of Christians, so named from him, are not extinct at this day. The Antiquities of the Jews, Book 18, Chapter 3





Second Temple Period Jerusalem









"Galilee Boat" (1st century AD shipwreck)

Sea of Galilee

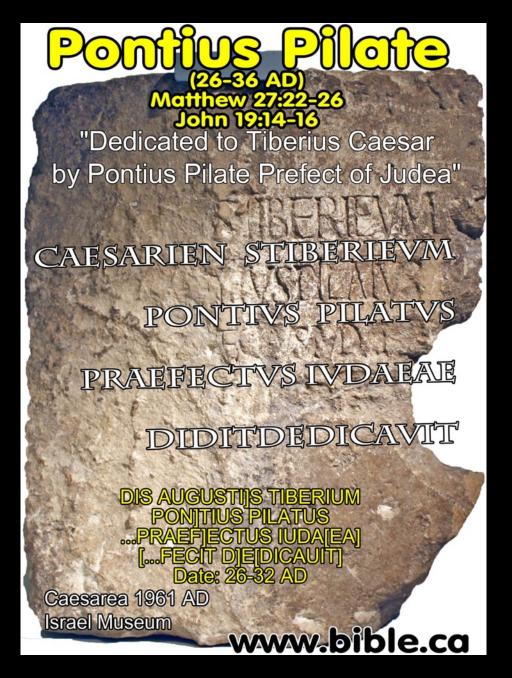


Capernaum, House of St. Peter



Magdala Synagogue (early 1st century AD)



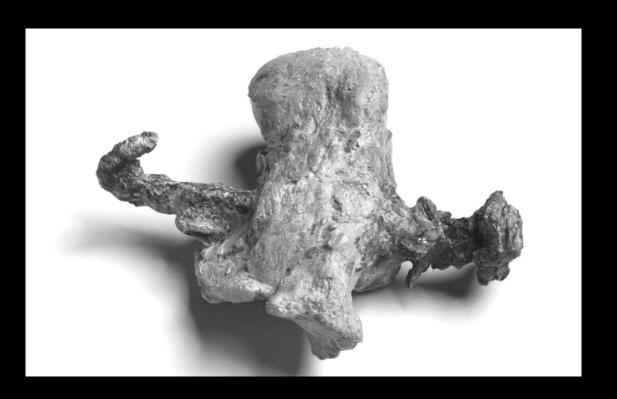


Evidence for Pontius Pilate:

- ~ Governor AD 26-36
- ~ Removed by Rome for excessive cruelty and injustice during Samaritan revolt



Administrative ring-seal of Pilate





Heel bone of crucified 1st century AD man named "Yehohanan, son of Hagakol"









Conclusions:

Jesus of Nazareth is a real historical person who lived during the 1st century AD.

The New Testament accounts are valid historical sources.

III. Scripture at the Time of Christ

To demonstrate that Jesus of Nazareth is the fulfillment of the Old Testament, we also need to demonstrate that Jews of the 1st century believed their Scriptures needed fulfillment in the first place.

Jewish Sects of the 1st century BCE/1st century CE

- * Pharisees
- * Sadducees
- * Zealots (primarily political)
- * Essenes
- * Samaritans
- * Christians (post-30 CE)

Mikva'ot (ritual baths) from Magdala on the Sea of Galilee



"The Archaeological Find of the Century": The Discovery of the Dead Sea Scrolls

Discovered by Bedouin in 1946-1947, sold to Bethlehem antiquities dealer, eventually acquired by scholars

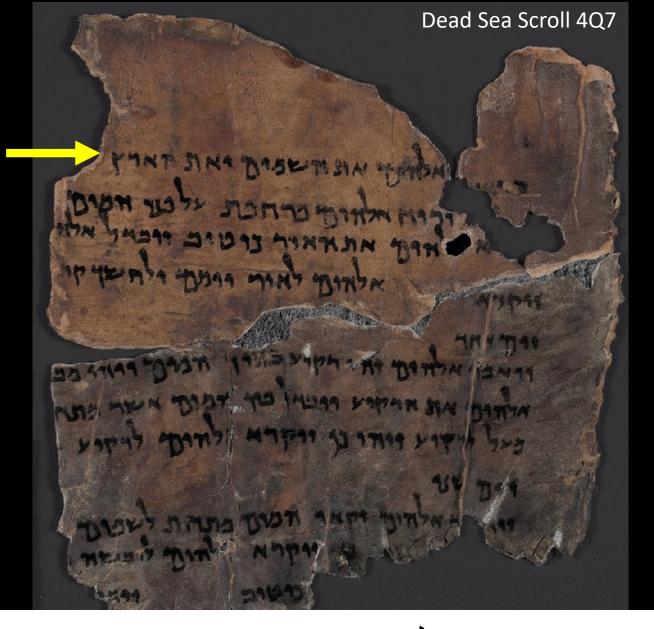
Dead Sea Scrolls are the oldest copies of Jewish Scripture preserved (pre-dating the Masoretic Text by nearly 1000 years)

Also provide insight into the life of the Essene community









Gen. 1:1

בְּרֵאשִׁית בָּרָא אֱלֹהִים אֵת הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאֵת הָאָרֶץ



The Great Isaiah Scroll (1Qlsa^a):

Oldest complete copy of the Book of the Prophet Isaiah by 1000 years

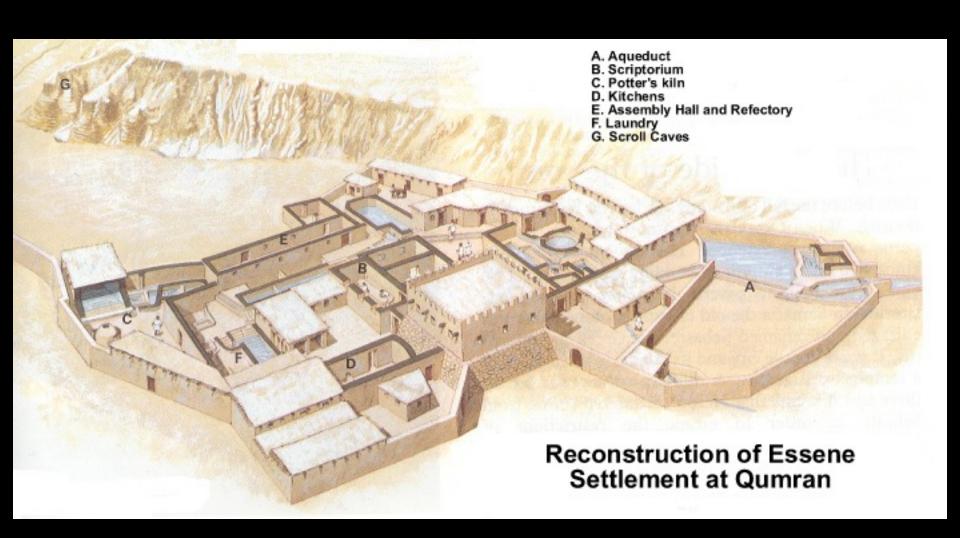
Radiocarbon dating: 356-103 BCE Paleographic dating: 150-100 BCE

In Qumran Cave 1, probably written by Essenes at Qumran community

The Qumran Essene Community







The Dead Sea Scrolls and the Interpretation of Scripture: Expecting Fulfillment

"They shall govern themselves using the original precepts by which the men of the Community began to be instructed, doing so until there come the Prophet and the Messiahs of Aaron and Israel" (1QS 9:10-11)



"And the one who sits on the throne of David shall never be cut off, because the "ruler's staff" (Gen. 49:10) is the <u>covenant of the kingdom</u>, and the thousands of Israel are "the feet", <u>until the Righteous Messiah, the Branch of David, has come</u>. For to him and to his seed the covenant of the kingdom of His people has been given for the eternal generations, because he has kept the Law with the men of the Community." (4Q252 5:2-5)

"Great will he be called and he will be designated by his name. He will be called son of God, and they will call him Son of the Most High...His kingdom will be an eternal kingdom, and all his paths in truth and all will make peace. The sword will cease from the earth, and all the provinces will pay him homage. The great God is his strength, he will wage war for him; he will place the peoples in his hand and cast them all away before him. His rule will be an eternal rule." (4Q246 1:9-2:9)

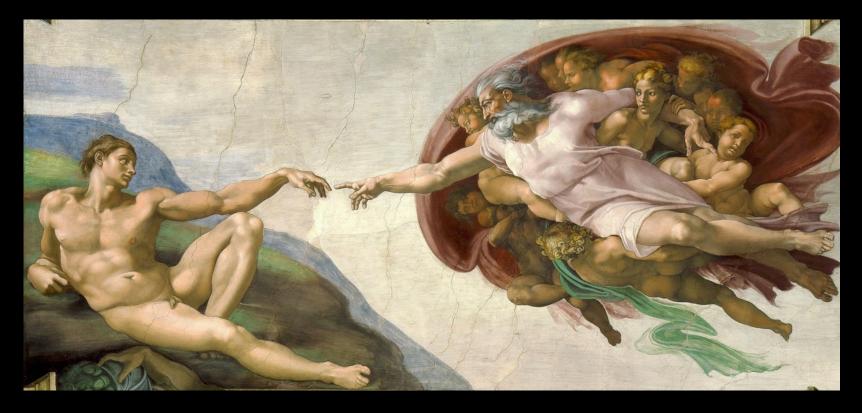
Conclusion:

- * Jews of the 1st century read and interpreted their own Scriptures anticipating the coming of One to fulfill all prophecies.
- * The Dead Sea Scrolls prove that reading the Old Testament as prophecy looking for fulfillment is a valid, historically accurate approach. It is not foreign to the Jewish world in which the Scriptures were written.





I. Jesus fulfills the Adamic Covenant



Protoevangelion (Gen 3:15): Jesus is the one who crushes Satan's head

Jesus is the New Adam (Romans 5:12-21)

Jesus restores and perfects Mankind as adopted sons (Galatians 4: 3-7)

II. Jesus fulfills the Covenant with Noah



Jesus fulfills the pledge of blessing to all nations

The Sacraments provide Jesus' followers a New Ark

III. Jesus fulfills the Covenant with Abraham

- 1. Descendants as numerous as stars
- 2. Great Name (Kingdom)
- 3. Source of universal blessing.

Jesus is the Promised Son of Abraham: Matt. 1:1

Jesus' is the Name above every name: Philippians 2:9

Jesus is the One in whom universal blessing is found:

Acts 2: 14-41





Jesus and the Akedah (the Binding of Isaac)



- * Father offers his beloved Son
- * Son is a willing sacrifice
- * Son carries wood of sacrifice
- * Location is Jerusalem
- * Presence of God's Lamb (Ram)
- * Ram's head crowned with thorns
- * Result is a new covenant

IV. Jesus fulfills the Mosaic Covenant

- 1. Sinai (10 Commandments) 2. Sinai II (post-calf incident).
- 3. Plains of Moab (Dt)



Jesus is the New Moses and the fulfillment of the Law: Sermon on the Mount

Jesus is the Greater One Prophesied by Moses himself: Dt. 18:15 and John 4

"The Lord your God will raise up for you a prophet like me from among you, from your brothers—it is to him you shall listen" (Dt. 18:15)

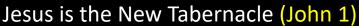
"Why is this night different than any other?": The Exodus from Egypt



Jesus is the Ultimate Passover Lamb (see Part II of this lecture!)







Jesus is the Eternal High Priest (entire Book of Hebrews)

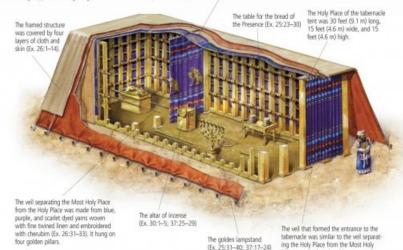


THE TABERNACLE TENT

The entire tent was 45 feet (13.7 m) long, 15 feet (4.6 m) wide, and 15 feet (4.6 m) high. It was a wooden skeletal structure, overlaid with gold, with no solid roof or front wall (Ex. 26:15–29). Five wooden bars (overlaid with gold) passed through rings attached to each frame (Ex. 26:26–30).

The Most Holy Place was a 15-foot (4.6 m) cube, containing only the ark of the covenant (Ex. 25:10–22; 37:1–9). It was here that Yahweh would descend to meet with his people in a cloud theophany (divine appearance). The high priest could enter only once a year, on the Day of Atonement (see note on Heb. 9:7).

> Place, except that cherubim were not embroidered on it. It was suspended on five golden pillars (Ex. 26:36–37).





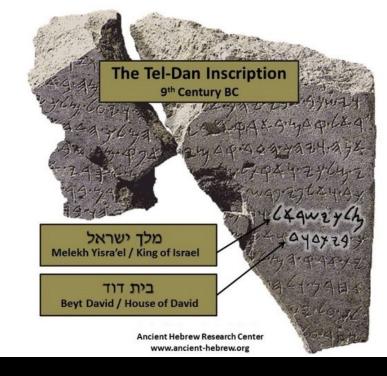
V. The Davidic Covenant

Jesus is the Messiah, the Promised Son of David: Matthew 1:1

Jesus is the Ever-reigning Heir of David: Acts 2







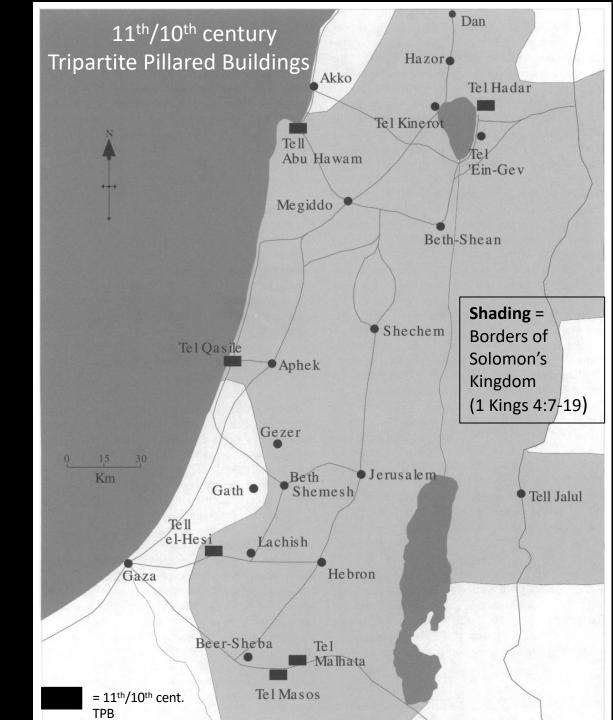
Kingdom of David and Solomon

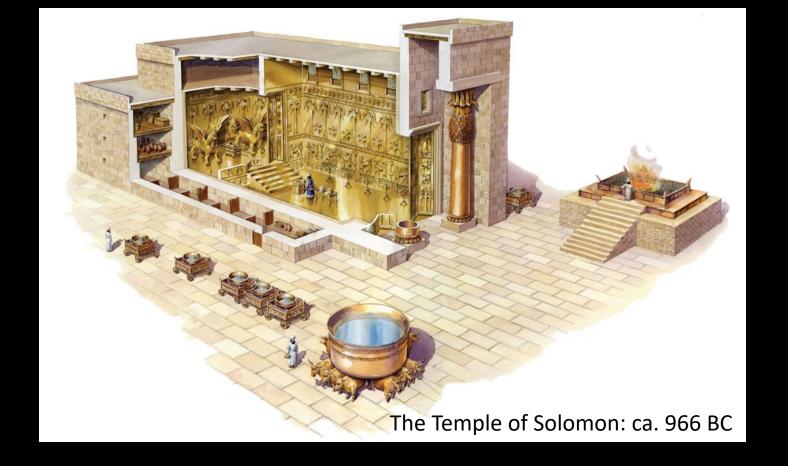
Khirbet Summeily bullae, ~930 BC

Jesus restores David's Kingdom through the Church: 12 Tribes, 12 Apostles...

Jesus restores David's Kingdom through His Queen Mother:
The Gebirah as intercessor

Jesus restores David's Kingdom in His Own Person: "The Kingdom of God is at hand."



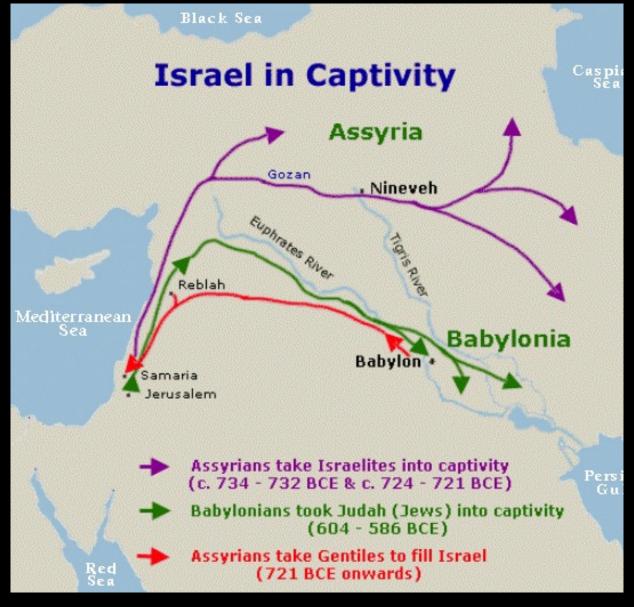


As the Word Made Flesh (Gk. *Logos*), Jesus is Wisdom beyond Solomon (John 1, Proverbs, Wisdom)

Jesus is the Bridegroom of the Church (Song of Solomon and Revelations)

Jesus Himself is the New Temple of Solomon: "destroy this Temple and in three days I will raise it up" (John 2:19)

Complicating David's Covenant: The Assyrian and Babylonian Exiles



- 722 BC: Assyria and the "Lost Tribes" of Israel
- 586 BC: Babylon and the Fall of Jerusalem





Prophetic Promises:

New Temple New King New Kingdom New Covenant New Man

Time of the Prophets: most ca. 900-500 BC



VI. Jesus fulfills the Prophetic Promises

Jesus is Emmanuel: Isaiah 7:14

Jesus is the Prince of Peace: Isaiah 9

Jesus is the Suffering Servant: Isaiah 53, also Psalm 110 and Psalm 22

Jesus is the Expected Messiah: Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, Daniel, Minor Prophets

Jesus is the "Son of Man": Daniel 7 (Jesus' favored title for Himself)



Jesus as the Expected Messiah: The "Prophetic Clock"

"Seventy weeks of years are decreed concerning your people and your holy city, to finish transgression, to put an end to sin, and to atone for iniquity, to bring in everlasting righteousness, to seal both vision and prophet, and to anoint a Holy of Holies. Know therefore and understand that from the going forth of the word to restore and build Jerusalem to the coming of the Messiah, a prince, there shall be seven weeks and sixty-two weeks. It shall be built again with squares and moat, but in a troubled time. And after the sixty-two weeks, the Messiah shall be cut off, and shall have nothing." (Dan. 9: 24-26).

VII. Covenant Fulfillment Beyond Our Wildest Imagination:

Jesus is the Son of God

Jesus is Fully Human AND Fully Divine

Jesus reveals the inner life of God: The Son reveals the Father and the Spirit

Jesus dwells within us by faith and through Sacramental Grace

Jesus promises eternal life and bliss to those who die united to Him.

